

## REEES CERTIFICATE COURSE SCHEDULE FALL TERM 2231 (August 29, 2022 – December 17, 2022)

4200 POSVAR HALL (412) 648-7403

Courses marked with asterisks (\*\*\*) require students to focus elective coursework on a REEES-related subject to count toward the certificate. This work should be arranged in consultation with the instructor and the REEES advisor.

31617 ANTH ANTH 1557 ARCHAEOLOGY OF RUSSIA, CENTRAL ASIA, AND MONGOLIA

Session: AT TTh CL0208B 3 Credits

This course provides an overview of the key prehistoric and early historic developments that occurred in the territories of the former Soviet Union. This investigation will include: early evidence of animal and plant domestication in the Neolithic, the emergence of Indo-European languages, innovations in metallurgy and the rise of complex societies in the Bronze and Iron Age periods, and the impact of early `nomadic¿ societies and empires. The course will cover a vast time period, stretching from the earliest occupation evidence in the Paleolithic period to the Mongol Empire of the 13th century AD. The primary focus of the course will be on evaluating the main lines of archaeological evidence in order to interpret and understand the key cultural, economic, technological and ideological developments noted above. However, the course will also investigate the substantial role that the discipline of archaeology and interpretations of the past have played in the larger socio-political dynamics of the Soviet and Post-Soviet periods. Therefore, this course will appeal to a broad range of students interested in comparative studies of Old World archaeology as well as cultural and historical studies of the Soviet and Post-Soviet Union.

22756 CLASS CLASS 0010 GREEK CIVILIZATION

Session: SE3 T FKART00204 3 Credits

A general introduction to the culture and society of Ancient Greece, with emphasis on the Archaic Period and the fifth and fourth centuries B.C.

17379 CLASS CLASS 1210 GREEK HISTORY

Session: AT MWF LAWRN00106 3 Credits

A survey of the history of ancient Greece, with special emphasis on political and social developments during the fifth century B.C.

20292 CLASS CLASS 1430 ORIGINS OF CHRISTIANITY

Session: AT TTh LAWRN00107 3 Credits

This course presents a historical-critical investigation of Christian origins. Special attention is paid to varieties of 1st century Hellenistic and Palestinian Judaism within the Greco-Roman world. Primary readings include selected Biblical passages and apocrypha, 1st century historians and philosophers (Josephus, Tacitus, Suetonius, and Philo), the New Testament corpus (including Paul and the Pastorals), and selected readings from the Dead Sea Scrolls. In addition there will be assignments from various modern New Testament critics, historians, and theologians.

10629 ECON ECON 0500 INTRO INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

Session: AT TTh LAWRN00207 3 Credits

Provides an introduction to international economics. Half the topics are pure theory, half international monetary economics. Topics from the real world are analyzed. Topics include alternative pure trade theories; effects of trade barriers; U.S. commercial policy; forms of regional integration; balance of payments; elimination of balance of payments disequilibrium; international monetary system.

27520 ENGLISH ENGFLM 0540 WORLD FILM HISTORY

Session: AT M CL0244B 3 Credits

This course both introduces students to techniques of film analysis and acquaints them with major works and movements in international cinema. The course pays particular attention to the evolution of film narrative and visual style through landmarks in film development—European avant-garde films, British documentary, Italian neo-realism, etc. This is a Critical Studies course and is a required course for the Film and Media Studies major and minor.

15607 ENGLISH ENGLIT 0625 DETECTIVE FICTION

Session: AT TTh CL00204 3 Credits

This course examines detective fiction in terms of its history, its social meaning and as a form of philosophizing. It also seeks to reveal the place and values of popular fiction in our lives.

20827 ENGLISH ENGLIT 0626 SCIENCE FICTION

Session: SE3 M CL00249 3 Credits

This course introduces students to the major ideas, themes, and writers in the development of science fiction as a genre. Discussions will help students to understand and use critical methods for the analysis of science fiction. The topics covered include problems describing and defining the genre, contrasting ideologies in soviet and American science fiction, the roles of women as characters, readers and writers of science fiction, etc.

11265 FR-ITAL FR 2710 INTRO LITERARY & CULTL THEORY

Session: AT T CL00139 3 Credits

In this course intended for beginning graduate students in the modern languages, students will survey major movements and concepts in literary and cultural theory of the 20th/21st centuries. These theories have provided us important ways to think about how to read and interpret literature, film, and other cultural artifacts, and, as such, are an important aspect of graduate studies in the humanities. This course is meant to provide students a general background in theory that they can further develop in certain areas as they continue their studies. The course will be taught in English, and all readings will be available in English.

11266 FR-ITAL ITAL 2710 INTRO LITERARY & CULTL THEORY

Session: AT T CL00139 3 Credits

In this course intended for beginning graduate students in the modern languages, students will survey major movements and concepts in literary and cultural theory of the 20th/21st centuries. These theories have provided us important ways to think about how to read and interpret literature, film, and other cultural artifacts, and, as such, are an important aspect of graduate studies in the humanities. This course is meant to provide students a general background in theory that they can further develop in certain areas as they continue their studies. The course will be taught in English, and all readings will be available in English.

25620 GERMANIC GER 1502 INDO-EUROPEAN FOLKTALES

Session: AT MW FKART00125 3 Credits

German 1502 is a study of the esthetic, psychological, and social values reflected in a variety of European folklore genres, including magic tales, legends, proverbs, superstitions, and jests. The Grimms' pioneering collections constitute the course's nucleus, but it draws numerous supporting examples from other European countries as well.

26919 HIST HIST 0125 RELIGIONS OF THE WEST

Session: AT MWF LAWRN00106 3 Credits

This course is a historical introduction to the religious traditions that developed in ancient Near East and the Mediterranean. Our major emphasis is on the history of the religious traditions that emerged in late antiquity in this area and which continue to be major world religions: Judaism, Christianity, and Islam. We will also touch on Zoroastrianism. We focus on key concepts, historical developments, and contemporary issues. Throughout the course, we also examine interactions among these religious traditions. In the last part of the course we examine the issue of globalization and the spread of these religions around the world as well as the presence of "non-Western" religion in the "West." The course also serves as an introduction to the academic study of religion and provides a foundation for further coursework in Judaism, Christianity, and Islam. No prior knowledge of any of the religions studied is expected or assumed.

16170 HIST HIST 0187 WORLD WAR II-EUROPE

Session: AT TTh LAWRN00104 3 Credits

The causes of WW II are surveyed, including World War I, the Russian Revolution, the Great Depression, and the rise of fascist regimes. The determinants of German expansionism will be discussed and related to the outbreak of war in 1939. The military struggle receives attention, but such topics as economic mobilization, propaganda, occupation policies, resistance movements and the Holocaust are also discussed. The course concludes with an analysis of war time diplomacy, the Postwar settlement, and the onset of the Cold War.

27069 HIST HIST 0200 BETWEEN KAFKA AND HITLER

Session: AT TTh WWPH03415 3 Credits

This course offers an introduction to the historical experience of Central Europe, the most diverse and dynamic region of modern Europe. Close to twenty nations with together more than 200 million people exist today between the rivers Rhine and Dnepr, between the Baltic and the Aegean Seas, from Germany in the west to Estonia in the northeast and Greece in south. Since the 1800s, this region made its mark on the world through an astounding cultural and intellectual creativity. People like Hegel and Marx, Kafka and Freud, Albert Einstein and Marie Curie changed the way we think. Yet 20th-century Central Europe was also a place of unprecedented mass violence and destruction, the main theater of two world wars and the site of the Holocaust. During the Cold War, it became the focal point of a global ideological conflict that divided the world into east and west. Ever since the fall of the Iron Curtain, Central Europe is the place where these divided worlds are growing together again. The study of this region and the socioeconomic and cultural forces that shaped it provides a fascinating lens for a better understanding of the modern world. This includes the fact that many of those who built Pittsburgh came from Central Europe and left their mark in this city. The course serves as core course for the Central European Studies Certificate

26423	HIST Session: CHS	HIST 0301	RUSSIA TO 1917	TBATBA	3 Credits
26656	HIST Session: CHS	HIST 0301	RUSSIA TO 1917	TBATBA	3 Credits
29094	HIST Session: CHS	HIST 0301	RUSSIA TO 1917	TBATBA	3 Credits
26962	HIST Session: AT	HIST 0302	SOVIET RUSSIA	LAWRN00232	3 Credits

This course examines the history of the USSR from 1917 to the present. Particular attention is paid to the revolutionary transformation of society, the construction of the Soviet state and Soviet society, and to the ways in which state and society relate.

11040 HIST HIST 0678 US AND THE HOLOCAUST

Session: AT TTh CL00213 3 Credits

With increasing interest in the Holocaust in Europe, this course focuses on the American side of the Atlantic - on issues of anti-Semitism and anti-immigrant sentiment in this country and on America's response to the Holocaust. We will also look at some post-Holocaust issues as well.

10407 HIST HIST 0678 US AND THE HOLOCAUST

Session: AT TTh CL00213 3 Credits

24281 HIST HIST 0700 WORLD HISTORY

Session: AT TTh CL00252 3 Credits

This course is an introductory survey of world history, by which is meant an overview of major processes and interactions in the development of human society since the development of agriculture some 10,000 years ago. It is a selective overview, emphasizing large-scale patterns and connections in political, social, cultural, technological, and environmental history, yet it also provides balance among regions of the world. It encourages students to apply historical techniques to issues of their own interest.

15605 HIST HIST 1001 INTRODUCTORY SEMINAR

Session: AT T WWPH03701 3 Credits

This course will explore Modernism and the origins of fascism in Western Europe from the beginning of the twentieth century through the inter-World War period.. It will look at political transformations, economic crises, artistic movements, and the nature of World War I as well as its cultural and social aftermath. As it engages these problems, the course will introduce students to philosophies and methodologies of History and it will explore different genres of writing within the discipline. It will provide students the opportunity to conduct research and write short-to-medium length papers on topics within the history of European Modernism and the origins and history of fascism.

16921 HIST HIST 1001 INTRODUCTORY SEMINAR

Session: AT M WWPH03700 3 Credits

"Medieval" is often used as a byword for brutality and backwardness. In fiction and film, the European Middle Ages are frequently a locus of chivalry, sorcery, and grime. This course will interrogate the reputation of the Middle Ages in modern culture by examining a variety of primary sources from medieval western Europe as well as scholarly literature on several historiographical problems of the Middle Ages, including Crusade ideology; chivalry and gender roles; and race, ethnicity, and toleration. We will also consider these issues as portrayed in modern fiction, film, and television, and students will contribute to the debate about medievalism and the uses of the Middle Ages through their papers.

24516 HIST HIST 1046 NATIONALISM

Session: AT MW CL00221 3 Credits

Theories of nationalism, ethnicity, and race are examined and are contrasted with theories of modernization and socialism. Particular emphasis is placed on ethnonationalism in developed Western countries, such as Britain, France, Spain, Belgium, and Canada, and on ethnic politics in the U.S. Comparisons are drawn with nationalism in other types of political systems, particularly the USSR, Yugoslavia, and selected Middle East and African countries.

30301 HIST HIST 1048 THE HOLOCAUST IN CONTEXT

Session: AT TTh BENDM00227 3 Credits

"Ethnic cleansing" and "genocide" are neither twentieth-century phenomena, nor is their occurrence linked to any particular region in the world. However, during the two world wars and their aftermath acts the civilian population of Central and Eastern Europe experienced a degree of mass violence that not only changed to face of the region but also led to the establishment of the very term "genocide". The Holocaust stands out as the most comprehensive, most radically executed case of genocide in modern times. Yet it was embedded in a wider context of systematic violence against various populations in Central and Eastern Europe. Rather than beginning with a general, abstract reflection on the reasons for the various forms of mass violence from ethnic cleansing to genocide, this course allows students to explore the specific social, cultural, and political conditions under which the sometimes entangled cases of mass violence against civilians occurred in twentieth-century Central and Eastern Europe. The course concludes with a general reflection and discussion of the concept of "genocide", the limits of its analytical usefulness, and the political baggage it carries.

30940 HIST HIST 1313 HISTORY OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

Session: AT MW CL00213 3 Credits

This course examines the origins, contours, and dynamics of the Russian Revolution of 1917, as well, as the period 1918-1921 during which the new Soviet State fought for its survival.

25322 HIST HIST 1315 STALIN

Session: AT TTh CL00139 3 Credits

This course examines Stalinism as a system that inspired fear and awe across the globe. Using a wide variety of sources from archival documents to movies, we will analyze major Stalin-era phenomena such as forced industrialization, collectivization of agriculture, nationality policy, and laws on family and the way they shaped the lives of Soviet citizens. We will evaluate historiographical debates about the nature of Stalinism, the meanings of violence and repression, and the role of the Soviet Union in World War II and the Cold War.

30365 HIST HIST 1753 THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE (1300-1923)

Session: AT TTh CL00252 3 Credits

This course traces the history of the Ottoman Empire from its origins as an obscure band of frontier warriors, to the highpoint of its geopolitical power in the sixteenth century, and on to its further evolution as an increasingly complex and peaceful society, down to the opening of the period of European imperialism and nation building. It will address not only the Ottomans' political power, but also those economic, social, and cultural factors that helped explain that power and gave the empire such a distinctive place in the history of Western Europe, Balkans and the Middle East.

20294 HIST HIST 1775 ORIGINS OF CHRISTIANITY

Session: AT TTh LAWRN00107 3 Credits

This course presents a historical-critical investigation of Christian origins. Special attention is paid to varieties of 1st century Hellenistic and Palestinian Judaism within the Greco-Roman world. Primary readings include selected Biblical passages and apocrypha, 1st century historians and philosophers (Josephus, Tacitus, Suetonius, and Philo), the New Testament corpus (including Paul and the Pastorals), and selected readings from the Dead Sea Scrolls. In addition there will be assignments from various modern New Testament critics, historians, and theologians.

17380 HIST HIST 1783 GREEK HISTORY

Session: AT MWF LAWRN00106 3 Credits

A survey of the history of ancient Greece, with special emphasis on political and social developments during the fifth century B.C.

11039 JS JS 0283 US AND THE HOLOCAUST

Session: AT TTh CL00213 3 Credits

With increasing interest in the Holocaust in Europe, this course focuses on the American side of the Atlantic - on issues of anti-Semitism and anti-immigrant sentiment in this country and on America's response to the Holocaust. We will also look at some post-Holocaust issues as well.

10513	JS Session: AT	<b>JS 0283</b> TTh	US AND THE HOLOCAUST	CL00213	3 Credits
23414	LING Session: AT	GREEKM 0101 MW	GREEK (MODERN) 1	CL00226	4 Credits
23413	LING Session: AT	PERS 0101 TTh	PERSIAN (FARSI) 1	CL00227	4 Credits
27875	LING Session: AT	HUN 0101 MW	HUNGARIAN 1	CL00126	4 Credits

23227	LING Session: AT	TURKSH 0101 TTh	TURKISH 1	CL00227	4 Credits
23214	LING Session: AT	<b>GREEKM 0103</b> TTh	GREEK (MODERN) 3	IS00411	3 Credits
27883	LING Session: AT	HUN 0103 TTh	HUNGARIAN 3	CL00126	3 Credits
23216	LING Session: AT	PERS 0103 MW	PERSIAN (FARSI) 3	CL00202	3 Credits
23228	LING Session: AT	TURKSH 0103 TTh	TURKISH 3	CL00226	3 Credits
23702	LING Session: AT	TURKSH 0105 MW	TURKISH 5	CL00235	3 Credits
24240	LING Session: AT	GREEKM 0105 TTh	GREEK (MODERN) 5	CL00335	3 Credits
23701	LING Session: AT	PERS 0105 TTh	PERSIAN (FARSI) 5	CL00312	3 Credits
27879	LING Session: AT	PERS 0107 TTh	PERSIAN (FARSI) 7	CL00126	3 Credits

31303 **LING** 

**HUN 1615** 

## OUTSIDERS ON THE MARGINS: THE AFTERMATH OF SOCIALISM ON FILM

Session: AT MW CL00235 3 Credits

This course introduces students to the aftermath of Socialism, focusing on East Germany and Hungary through movies. We will look at issues that have been specific to societies in the Eastern Bloc taking these two areas as examples, and thus offer insight into the development of these societies after the fall of Socialism all the way up to the present. A deeper understanding of this development will encourage students to think about current historical-political events from a broader comparative perspective, promote their knowledge about the region of East Central Europe, and help discuss these events in an informed manner. Film as an art reflects the struggles and preoccupations of the time and society it emerges from. The selection of films in this course provides students with a representative sample of issues that take center stage in movies about the shift from Socialism to Capitalism and the aftermath of this transition. Course readings and class discussions illuminate the historical and cultural background to the cinematographic pieces watched and discussed in the course. The movies, readings and class discussions provide insight into how Socialism shaped society and what ramifications it has for the further course of history after its collapse in 1989. More than thirty years after the official end of Socialism, the repercussions of the "cursed forty years" are still palpable in people's lives, their collective memory, societal issues and the way they influence domestic and foreign politics. Under Socialism, inhabitants of the Eastern Bloc largely remained isolated from the Capitalist world and thus remained outsiders to it, quasi-exotic beings who were often regarded with curiosity, pity or suspicion by those in the West. These sentiments are still echoed despite the collapse of Socialism in 1989 and the EU's Eastern Enlargement in 2004, as inhabitants of both the former Eastern Bloc countries and the Western world are still coming to terms with East Central Europe's transformation into democratic societies with a free market economy and the free movement of labor. Historical and cultural differences that had existed before the creation of the Iron Curtain did not cease to be in the Post-Socialist era; on the contrary, they precipitate in discussions and policy-making in the EU and at a global level, where members of the Visegrad countries and their former Eastern Bloc neighbors are yet again often regarded as the nonconformist outsiders on the margins of Europe. In an era of globalization, would we not expect mutual understanding of each other to be less problematic than before the change in 1989? What is the connection between forty years of Socialism and our current day in a Post-Socialist era? We will investigate issues of economic disparity, gender, sexuality, race, ethnicity, ability difference and criminality through a selection of cinematographic works made after 1989 presenting the effect of the change on people's lives from various perspectives. Some of these include the perspective of women, homosexuals, Jews, migrants, people with disabilities, and criminals (if they indeed are criminals), all in addition to the "average" person under Communist rule living on what was perceived by many "the margins" of Europe. The course thus looks not only at the Socialist and post-Socialist citizen as an outsider, but also groups that find themselves in an even more marginalized position - we might as well call them double outsiders because of their position in a society already disadvantaged to more developed Capitalist ones.

31126 LING HUN 1915 FULBRIGHT SEMINAR IN HUNGARIAN STUDIES

Session: AT MW CL00312 3 Credits

The course is designed to give an overview of the historical evolution of the rule of law and democracy through introducing and debating fundamental texts, concepts and theories from Antiquity to the present day. The peculiar historical focus is present in the course to demonstrate the persistence of these ideas in the evolution of European political thought. The course will aim at detecting the continuity and the discontinuity of the ideas of the rule of law and democracy through tracking their appearance and their definitions in various historical and academic sources. The course will also help in applying these concepts to present day European political questions ranging from the democratic deficit of the European Union to the appearance of illiberal democracy in Hungary.

30551	LING Session: AT	TURKSH 1615 TTh	TURKISH CULTURE AND SOCIETY CL00236	3 Credits
23239	LING Session: AT	TURKSH 1905	UG TEACHING ASSISTANT TURKISH TBATBA	1 - 3 Credits

27621 LING LING 1951 LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD

Session: AT TTh CL00335 3 Credits

This course is a survey of language classification, language structures, and language contact. It concentrates on two main questions: first, how do languages resemble, and differ from, each other in sounds, forms, and syntax? And second, what are some linguistic and sociopolitical results of situations in which two or more languages come into contact? The context for these investigations will be a study of selected language families, both in class and in individual student projects (including some elicitation of data from native speakers of various languages).

31116 PS PS 1317 POLITICS OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

Session: AT MW CL00352 3 Credits

This course is designed to introduce students to the government and politics of the European Union. It will provide a historical overview of the creation of the EU and development of European integration and introduce students to the EU's governing institutions, current policies and debates, and the public's views of the EU through public opinion and electoral politics.

11415 PS PS 1351 GOVERMNT & POLITICS MIDDL EAST

Session: AT M WWPH04500 3 Credits

A survey of the developing political systems of the Middle East and their positions in world affairs. Considered are the growth of political institutions in the modern era, the nature of political leadership, the evolution of political attitudes, and the legacy of Western and Soviet imperialisms. The states dealt with are Iran, turkey, Iraq, Lebanon, Jordan, Syria, Egypt, and Israel. The course includes a diplomatic simulation exercise designed to illustrate the complexity of foreign policy interactions in the region.

30101 PS P 1387 POLITICS OF WATER

Session: AT TTh CL00221 3 Credits

Given the need to highlight the contributions political science offers to our study of the Anthropocene, this interdisciplinary course investigates the role of water in the political development of contemporary Central Eurasia. As a landlocked world region, Central Eurasia provides a compelling case for the study of the political, social, and technological innovations that has yielded sites of ecological disaster and environmental frontiers of opportunity. This course guides students through the key stages of Soviet political change and its impact on the issues of Central Eurasian water culture: the collapse of tsarist governance and the withdrawal of its engineer-specialists, ending its "civilizing mission"; the arrival of US experts whose modern irrigation methods inadvertently contributed to environmental degradation and economic dependence; the "shock" construction sites of the Stalin era; the misguided dam-building projects of the late Soviet period; and finally the issues relating to the international cooperation to manage the river basins connecting Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, and Kazakhstan.

24508 PS PS 1504 NATIONALISM

Session: AT MW CL00221 3 Credits

Theories of nationalism, ethnicity, and race are examined and are contrasted with theories of modernization and socialism. Particular emphasis is placed on ethnonationalism in developed Western countries, such as Britain, France, Spain, Belgium, and Canada, and on ethnic politics in the U.S. Comparisons are drawn with nationalism in other types of political systems, particularly the USSR, Yugoslavia, and selected Middle East and African countries.

25765 PS PS 1513 FORGN POLICIES--CHANGNG WORLD

Session: AT TTh CL00352 3 Credits

The aim of this course is to introduce students to the analysis of foreign policy as a form of political behavior and to the specific factors influencing the foreign policies of several of the world's most powerful states. The lectures and readings follow several intertwining themes, covering: 1) the conceptual and analytical tools utilized to investigate and compare the foreign policies of states; 2) the nature of certain phenomena which present countries with complex and dangerous international problems, e.g. security, interdependence; 3) the particular sources, processes and outcomes involved in the foreign policies of several states including the United States, Russia and others. The approach is analytical and though some of the readings and lectures are historical, the emphasis is on the contemporary context. It is also comparative, offering students a look at how these states' domestic culture, processes and institutions affect their foreign policies. (International relations field)

30099 PS PS 1521 EASTRN EURP IN WORLD POLITICS

Session: AT TTh CL00230 3 Credits

Eastern Europe has now seen more than twenty years of dramatic changes encompassing a movement away from one-party dictatorship and state-run economies to democratic politics and market economies. These changes have affected and been affected by developments in Europe, including Russia, Euro-Atlantic relations and international relations more broadly. The aim of this course is to explore the background and dynamics of the remarkable changes in "the other Europe." The course will move quickly over the history of the region generally referred to as "East Europe" and will focus primarily on contemporary developments. A particular focus of the course is the impact on the region of developments elsewhere, especially in the politics and policies of outside powers, and the ripple effect of changes in the region on European and world politics.

23612 PS PS 2320 HUMAN SECURITY

Session: AT M WWPH03800 3 Credits

Because of Civil Wars in several parts of the world, especially in sub-Saharan Africa, the international organizations have reshaped their development agenda by emphasizing the importance of security and peace as preconditions for development. This approach has been explicitly mentioned among the aims of the United Nations by Secretary General Kofi-Annan in his roadmap for the implementation of the U.N. Millennium summit. In parallel, the concept of human security has been promoted by several Western governments, N.G.O.S and independent commissions in order to take into account the need to address not only state security needs but also human individuals' vulnerability in crisis situations. Aid policies have taken into account these evolutions, though the concept of human security itself has been discussed in a controversial way. The European union is progressively integrating it into its security agenda and has started 'securitizing' its development agenda and African policy, including instruments like the Cotonou convention with African, Caribbean and pacific states. The course explores the reasons for the merging of security and development policies in the European union and its member states and the emergence of a European human security agenda, within the wider context of the united nations, world bank and OECD. The focus will be European policies towards crisis areas in Africa and Asia potential case to be discussed are: regulations about antipersonnel landmines, small arms and light weapons, conflict timber and conflict diamonds; policies of conditionality and sanctions; assistance to transitional justice; peace building, security governance, security sector reform in fragile states.

22663	PS Session: AT	<b>PS 2351</b> T	GENDER & DEVELOPMENT WWPH03911	3 Credits
23605	PS Session: AT	<b>PS 2518</b> T	SECURITY & INTELLGNC STUDIES WWPH03610	3 Credits
			US AND THE HOLOCAUST  CL00213  e focuses on the American side of the Atlantic - on is response to the holocaust. We will also look at some	

10514 RELGST 0283 US AND THE HOLOCAUST
Session: AT TTh CL00213 3 Credits

20293 RELGST RELGST 1120 ORIGINS OF CHRISTIANITY

Session: AT TTh LAWRN00107 3 Credits

This course presents a historical-critical investigation of Christian origins. Special attention is paid to varieties of 1st century Hellenistic and Palestinian Judaism within the Greco-Roman world. Primary readings include selected Biblical passages and apocrypha, 1st century historians and philosophers (Josephus, Tacitus, Suetonius, and Philo), the New Testament corpus (including Paul and the Pastorals), and selected readings from the Dead Sea Scrolls. In addition there will be assignments from various modern New Testament critics, historians, and theologians.

10405	SLAVIC Session: SE3	SLOVAK 0010 MW	ELEMENTARY SLOVAK 1	CL00202	3 Credits
11949	SLAVIC Session: SE3	SERCRO 0010 MW	ELEM BOSNIAN/CROAT/M	10NT/SERB 1 CL00227	3 Credits
10409	SLAVIC Session: AT	UKRAIN 0010 TTh	ELEMENTARY UKRAINIA	<b>N 1</b> CL00137	3 Credits
10286	SLAVIC Session: AT	POLISH 0010 MWF	ELEMENTARY POLISH 1	CHVRN00135	3 Credits
11950	SLAVIC Session: AT	SERCRO 0030 MW	INTM BCMS 3	CL00306	3 Credits
10287	SLAVIC Session: AT	POLISH 0030 MW	INTERMEDIATE POLISH 3	3 WWPH03200	3 Credits
10406	SLAVIC Session: AT	SLOVAK 0030 MW	INTERMEDIATE SLOVAK	3 CL00321	3 Credits
10454	SLAVIC Session: AT	UKRAIN 0030 TTh	INTERMEDIATE UKRAINI	(AN 1 CL00137	3 Credits
	pinning modes of Russia		RUSSIAN FAIRY TALES  oral genre of fairy tales so as to acc t component of the course will cons		
25035	SLAVIC Session: AT	RUSS 0101 MWF	ELEMENTARY RUSSIAN 1	CL00321	4 Credits
25033	SLAVIC Session: AT	RUSS 0101 MWF	ELEMENTARY RUSSIAN 1	VICTO00114	4 Credits
25034	SLAVIC Session: AT	RUSS 0101 MWF	ELEMENTARY RUSSIAN 1	CL00249	4 Credits

24652	SLAVIC Session: AT	RUSS 0103 MWF	INTERMEDIATE RUSSIA	<b>N 1</b> VICTO00229	4 Credits
30429	SLAVIC Session: AT	RUSS 0325 TTh	THE SHORT STORY	CL00135	3 Credits
masters Push	kin, Gogol, Dostoevsky,	Tolstoy, and Chekhovt	and 20th century Russian literature to 20th century favorites Babel, Zana, Tolstaya, and Tokareuy.		
31283	SLAVIC	POLISH 0325	THE SHORT STORY		
20th centurie	s. The course will examin	ne works both formally a	he short story, on the example of wand as they reflect the reality or lite literature, post-war literature of the	rary-social concerns	
20355	SLAVIC	UKRAIN 0400	ADVANCED UKRAINIAN		
	Session: AT	TTh		CL00127	3 Credits
10394	SLAVIC	SLOVAK 0400	ADVANCED SLOVAK 1		
	Session: AT	MW		CL00349	3 Credits
11258	SLAVIC	SERCRO 0400	ADV BOSNIAN/CROAT/M	ONT/SERB 5	
	Session: AT	MW		CL00226	3 Credits
10398	SLAVIC	RUSS 0400	ADVANCED RUSSIAN 1		
	Session: AT	TTh		CL00129	3 Credits
10891	SLAVIC	RUSS 0590	FORMATIVE MASTERPI	ECES	
	Session: AT will be devoted to reading and others such as Pushk		erpieces from the 19th century. The d Ostrovsky.	CL00113 e authors include To	3 Credits lstoy, Dostoevsky
10989	SLAVIC	SLAV 0660	SCI-FI: EAST AND WEST		
genre that en biological, sp	joys different status in Ea patial, and temporal explo	st and West. Those valurations beyond those ver	o assess how a given culture's domes emerge in works that imaginative rified by science. On the basis of fixogress, human perfectibility, the line	ely posit "fantastic" lms, film clips, TV s	situations rooted in shows, stories,
20248	SLAVIC	SLAV 0660	SCI-FI: EAST AND WEST		
	Session: SE3	Th		CL00139	3 Credits

28238 SLAVIC RUSS 0670 CRIME, PUNISHMENT & KANYE WEST

Session: SE3 W CL00129 3 Credits

The first half of this course will introduce you to the Russian masterpiece Crime and Punishment (1866), as well as its literary, social, and philosophical contexts. We will read Fyodor Dostoevsky's novel in its entirety alongside many of the most famous critical analyses that it inspired. We will discuss Dostoevsky's depiction of a murderer's psychology in light of his conservative nationalism, his devout Christianity, his acute sense of social injustice, his sexual politics, his relationship to mental illness and medicine, and his radical narrative innovations. The second half will be devoted to the work of the contemporary American rap artist Kanye West, as well as the context of his media presence and celebrity status. We will chart Crime and Punishment's themes throughout the rap artist's career. Is there something specifically Dostoevskian about Kanye's depiction of the American criminal justice system? What about his struggle with mental illness? Can we find traces of Dostoevsky's prostitutes in Kanye's porn stars? In addition to major themes, we will discuss the specific literary devices employed by each writer, and their philosophical and ethical consequences. Can rhyme, rhythm, voice, and irony represent a certain experience of time and space? Can they represent racism? Can they dismantle it?

30430 SLAVIC RUSS 0800 MASTERPIECES 19THC RUSSIAN LIT

Session: SE3 TTh CL00129 3 Credits

Are some people more deserving of life and happiness than others? Am I responsible for the well-being of others? Can you ever really know someone else? Celebrated works of nineteenth-century Russian literature tackle these and other, equally fundamental, questions. This course provides a dynamic introduction to some of the most influential works of Russian literature, texts that became moral, ideological, and aesthetic touchstones for all later periods of Russian culture. We will study the works of Pushkin, Gogol, Lermontov, Turgenev, Dostoevsky, Tolstoy, and Chekhov with attention to their thematic and formal preoccupations, their historical contexts, and often fascinating histories of reception. Topics of particular interest (vary from one semester to the next and tend to) include Russia's experiment in Westernization; Russian imperialism; the status of the writer within shifting socio-political hierarchies; transgression and criminality; kinship and family; human agency in the natural world; religion; science; the fluctuating meanings of social class; individual subjectivity as an object of artistic representation; the adaptation of literary works in other media (e.g., cinema, opera).

11071 SLAVIC RUSS 0811 MADNESS & MADMEN IN RUSS CULT

Session: AT TTh CL00342 3 Credits

This course explores the theme of madness in Russian literature from its medieval period through our days. The emphasis will be placed not only on literacy works, but also on painting, music, and cinema, as well as on nonfictional documents, such as Russian medical, judicial, political, and religious treatises and essays on madness. Reading assignments will draw from theoretical (Foucault), cultural history (Billington, Rzhevsky), and literary sources.

10519 SLAVIC RUSS 0850 EARLY RUSSIAN CULTURE

Session: AT TTh CL00130 3 Credits

This course introduces the student to the development of Russian culture from 988 through 1825, including Russia's religious, artistic, and ideological writings. Readings will include the chronicles, vitae, apocrypha, epistolary polemics, secular tales, autobiography, and early prose fiction. Visual art and architecture of the Kievan, Novgorod, and Romanov periods of Russian history provide a larger artistic context for the literary works.

28258 SLAVIC SLAV 0860 CHERNOBYL MEMORY MUSEUM

Session: AT MW CL00342 3 Credits

This course will introduce students to the Chernobyl nuclear disaster, its ecological, environmental, health, social, psychological, economic, and political consequences, and its cultural representations through a range of texts, contexts, genres, and cultures. We will focus on the comparative analysis of literary, visual, and cultural texts that explore the effect of the 1986 nuclear event locally and globally. These texts include history and oral history, literature and poetry, documentary and feature films, TV series, video games, visual and virtual art, photography, music, and other media created by local cultural producers in Ukraine, Belarus, and Russia, as well as by the artists, writers, and filmmakers from Europe and North America. We will examine the historical, cinematic, literary, and popular culture interpretations of immediate and extended impact on personal, social, economic, ideological, political, and cultural structures of the human society. After students examine and analyze in detail each of the cultural texts and artistic works dedicated to the Chernobyl nuclear disaster, they will create their own artistic product to commemorate the tragedy, thus, contributing to the global Chernobyl "memory museum."

21234 **SLAVIC RUSS 0870** RUSS FILM: EISENSTEIN AND CO CL00G18 Session: SE3 3 Credits The course presents the history of Russian and Soviet films, filmmaking, and the film industry from the coronation of Tsar Nicholas II to the death of Stalin. 20798 **SLAVIC SLAV 0880** VAMPIRE: BLOOD AND EMPIRE CRAWF00169 TTh Session: AT 3 Credits This course examines the phenomenon of vampirism in verbal and visual texts from different time periods in various cultures (Russia, Poland, France, England, America). We will analyze stories, novels, and films focusing on vampires from a variety of critical perspectives, contextualizing the works in the cultures that produced them. 10988 **SLAVIC SLAV 0880** VAMPIRE: BLOOD AND EMPIRE M CL00324 3 Credits Session: SE3 16916 **SLAVIC SLAV 1225** CROS CLTL REPRSTN PRISON 20THC TTh CL00116 Session: AT 3 Credits This course examines cultural works produced in and about prison in the 20th century, addressing the function of art within the context of incarceration. In structure the course is composed of three parts: prison writings and criminal culture in America, memoirs from the forced-labor camps of the soviet gulag, and narratives of holocaust concentration camps. This structure allows for a comparison of cultures-- American, Russian, and European--as well as identities-- racial, gender, and religious. 10946 **SLAVIC RUSS 1420 FOURTH-YEAR RUSSIAN 1** TTh CL00G14 Session: AT 3 Credits 28261 SLAVIC **SLAV 1720** UNDERGRADUATE TEACHING **TBATBA** Session: AT 1 - 3 Credits 10399 SLAVIC **RUSS 1900** RUSSIAN INTERNSHIP **TBATBA** Session: AT 3 Credits This course places the student in a work setting where they can gain practical experience in a supervised training environment. 29030 SLAVIC **RUSS 1910** READING HISTORICAL RUSSIAN Th WWPH03501 Session: AT 3 Credits This 1-credit mini-course is designed to improve students' ability to read and understand Russian-language texts from the Russian Empire and Soviet Union. It focuses on texts that have never been translated, thus offering a unique glimpse into the past made possible only through investment in language study. It is targeted at students who have completed equivalent of at least 4 semesters of Russian language study, as well as heritage speakers. 19935 **SLAVIC RUSS 2104 DVLPNG RUSS RDG PROFICIENCY 1** TTh CL00136 Session: AT 3 Credits

Through guided intensive reading of authentic primary and secondary texts in Russian culture, enrolled graduate students will further

develop their ability to read such texts comfortably and use them effectively in their academic and professional careers.

11421

SLAVIC

**RUSS 2110** 

## INTRO TO THE STUDY OF LIT 1

Session: AT

Т

CL00139

3 Credits

This course is a survey of major movements in literary theory and cultural criticism. It will introduce students to key texts of the 20th and 21st centuries that shaped and revolutionized strategies for reading and interpreting texts, films, and other cultural objects. The course will expand student familiarity with movements beginning with New Criticism and Russian Formalism, move through Structuralism and Post-Structuralism, explore Feminist, Queer, and Critical Race Theory, and take on post-colonial, orientalist, and transnational approaches-among others. Students in this course will read a variety of literature and theory with an eye toward understanding what criticism's roles are, why and how the study of literature and culture (still) matters, and how they can develop their own critical skills based on their personal interests and concerns. This course will also offer an introduction to bibliography and research methods. It will further offer grad students an opportunity to hone their presentation and writing skills. The course and readings will be in English.

28256

**SLAVIC** 

**RUSS 2464** 

SPECIAL TOPICS

Session: AT Th

CL00139

3 Credits

The Review: This seminar provides a forum in which participants will shift from term-paper writers to early-career scholars. Our (imperfect) choice for this transition is the academic review: short-form writing, with an emphasis on focus and argument. While we will spend some time looking at the histories and range of reviews in different disciplines, the larger aim is for this effort to transfer itself into later writing tasks (the PhD exam and prospectus; the dissertation; the article). Participants will begin with short reviews in their respective disciplines (e.g., film, literature, art history, sociology, history, music, etc.). At mid-semester they will be encouraged to venture beyond their discipline by examining the range of concerns and discursive styles in other fields. At the end of term, in lieu of a term paper, three reviews (relevant to their expertise) will be submitted to a major journal. Participants are encouraged to strategize about how their choice of reviews (content, length, comparative work) contributes to the next stage of graduate study (e.g., the draft of a chapter, etc.). Although the seminar has a professionalization component, it is not a composition or pedagogy course, but rather a seminar in which to produce interdisciplinary work in both academic and non-academic venues.

31734

SLAVIC

**RUSS 2710** 

**CULT & CULT CINEMA** 

Session: AT

Th

3 Credits

While "cult" is largely a term of opprobrium, "cult cinema" suggests the opposite: exaggerated enthusiasm for films that-despite initial failure-often gain the long-lasting status of "classic." Drawn from both arthouse and mainstream film (usually horror or sci-fi), cult films marshal a devoted fan base, ranging from narrow (and deep) to mass (and shallow) audiences. From Godard's A Bout de Souffle and Alphaville (1960; 1965) to Zabriskie Point (1970; Antonioni) and Zoolander (2001; Stiller); from Abbott and Costello Meet Frankenstein (1948; Barton) and Attack of the 50 Foot Woman (1958; Juran) to Z (1969; Costa-Gavras), these films challenge us to ask what they have in common beyond an ill-defined following. The course will include as "case studies" recent Russian cult classics from the last 30 years-Evgenii Iufit's 1991 Daddy, Father Frost Is Dead; Petr Lutsik's 1998 The Outskirts; Aleksandr Zel'dovich's 2000 Moscow; Pavel Bardin's 2009 Russia 88-in service of a larger discussion, supported by extensive theory readings, of how the cult following is constituted within different modernities. French, German, Russian examples (all subtitled). Outsiders welcome.

28587

**SLAVIC** 

**RUSS 2970** 

TEACHING OF RUSSIAN

Session: AT

M

CHVRN00132

CL01219

3 Credits

Teaching French, Italian, and Spanish supports the concept that instructional expertise is developed in and through practice-based projects, teaching experiences, and the study of the research evidence and theories on additional language learning. The course is designed for language teaching at the university level and is primarily intended for teaching assistants, although part time instructors may enroll in this class for credit. In the course, four major areas associated with contextualized instruction are presented: 1) situations and themes as context, 2) culture as context, 3) academic subject matter as context, and 4) literature as context. All assignments are project-based and include analytical and reflective reports on the students' own teaching and lesson development projects intended to be used and evaluated in actual foreign language classes. Teaching assistants and instructors in other language are welcome to register for the course but examples are primarily in Spanish, French, Italian, and English.

12022

**CBA-DEAN** 

**BUSECN 1508** 

INT'L ECON FOR MANAGR

Session: AT

TTh

MERVS00B60

3 Credits

This course introduces the broad field of int'l econ, with emphasis on developing framework for effective management in today's global economoy. Key issues and problems are explored in areas of int'l trade, int'l investment & int'l payments, from perspective of manager of enterprises in operating in a cross-border, int'l environment. The approach will be verbal, graphical and non-technical and will draw from actual data sets and late-breaking news items from such business-oriented publications as Financial Times Economist, Wall Street Journal and New York Times.

24585	CBA-DEAN	BUSECN 1508	INT'L ECON FOR MANAGR		
	Session: AT			TBATBA	3 Credits
24788	CBA-DEAN	BUSECN 1508	INT'L ECON FOR MANAGR		
	Session: AT			TBATBA	3 Credits
24789	CBA-DEAN	BUSECN 1508	INT'L ECON FOR MANAGR		
21709	Session: AT			TBATBA	3 Credits
31139	CGS	LCJS 1520	CYBERCRIME		
W?d. d	Session: SE3	M	a litralihaad of asihamanima siistimiseti	CRAWF00241	3 Credits

With the ever-increasing connectivity of devices to services, the likelihood of cybercrime victimization is expanding exponentially. In this course, students will learn the types of crimes that occur online, and receive a very basic overview of how these crimes are conducted. A basic overview of technology and common cyber terminology will be provided to assist students new to this subject. The course also will cover the process of cybercrime response, including an overview of evidence collection, evidence preservation, and legal considerations. Students will learn about the challenges Cyber crime investigator encounter when tracking down offenders on the web. Special attention will be given to the current Cyber threats faced by the financial industry.

31150	CGS Session: SE3	LCJS 1520	CYBERCRIME WEBTBA	3 Credits
31152	CGS Session: SE3	LCJS 1531	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME WEBTBA	3 Credits

Organized crime is no longer confined to a few countries such as Italy, the United States, and Japan. With the end of the Cold War and the immense technological advances that spread with globalization, organized crime has become much more pervasive, with a major impact in countries such as Russia, Mexico, and South Africa, and with increased operations (and especially co-operation) across borders. This course looks at the dynamics of transnational organized crime, explains why it develops in particular countries, the various forms it takes, and the responses of law enforcement agencies and international institutions.

20291	ADMPS	MPS EFOP 2106 INTERNATIONAL & GLOBAL E		
	Session: AT	Th	WWPH05404	3 Credits

The course introduces different perspectives of the world as well as various conceptions of global development. Students consider these issues in examining how formal and non-formal education programs, as well as the media, contribute to developing individual's views of and engagement in local, national, international, and global communities.

27409	ADMPS	EFOP 3136	COMPARATIVE HIGHER EDUCATION	
	Session: AT	Th	WWPH05404	3 Credits

This seminar focuses on contemporary problems in post-secondary education throughout the world. The seminar will begin with a brief historical introduction, followed by a review of case studies and other documents on higher education in the United States and other countries. Special attention will be given to an examination of comparative and contrasting policies and issues in higher education as they unfold in various developing regions and in the United States.

30444	PIA	PIA 2301	INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOM	
	Session: AT	M	WWPH03800	3 Credits

This course is an introduction to international political economy, an interdisciplinary field related to international politics and international economics. This course introduces students to important actors and institutions that shape the global economic system. Central issues in international political economy include policy-making on the topics of trade, money, foreign investment, development, migration, and the environment. Major questions include: 1. What are the main economic and political forces that shape the international economy? 2. What domestic and external strategies have states adopted in order to develop their economies and to benefit from exchanges with other countries (while minimizing their vulnerability)? 3. Why and when do states seek to cooperate with each other in the management of the international economy? How successful have their efforts been? (4) What are the major challenges currently facing policy-makers in the management of the international economy? To answer these questions, students will identify key political and economic actors (governments, firms, workers, interest groups, international organizations) and examine interactions within and between states. , Drawing on both historical and contemporary events, the course focuses heavily on globalization's opportunities and challenges by examining the complexities of governing in an interdependent world

21958 PIA PIA 2303 SECURITY & INTELLGNC STUDIES

Session: AT T WWPH03610 3 Credits

Many argue that the 21st century security environment is fundamentally different from and more dangerous than that which existed in previous eras. There is some evidence to suggest that this claim might be true; the security challenges absorbing the majority of states' time, money, and military efforts since the end of the cold war' and especially since 9/11 ' are notably different from those of the past and, at times, they seem more pervasive. However, it does not necessarily follow that such proximate differences are symptomatic of a deeper shift in the nature of the inherently dangerous international arena. This course explores the nature of the international security environment ' past and present ' and considers whether and to what degree the logics for coping with security challenges have changed over time. In doing so, students will be introduced to the arguments and debates in the academic literature on security and intelligence issues and learn to apply them to contemporary challenges. We will spend the first third of the semester examining traditional security studies concepts and issues like war, coercion, effectiveness in nuclear and conventional warfighting, and the effects of regime type on security policies and achievements. The second third will then be dedicated to considering the utility of traditional concepts in understanding the nature of and strategically-preferable responses to security challenges pervasive in the current international arena like asymmetric warfare, nuclear proliferation and missile defense, terrorism, and space and cyber warfare. The last third of the course examines the nuts and bolts of the United States national security apparatus to better understand how theory is (or should be) transformed into policy. We conclude by considering the costs and benefits of different American grand strategies moving forward.

23612 PIA PIA 2320 HUMAN SECURITY

Session: AT 3 Credits

Because of Civil Wars in several parts of the world, especially in sub-Saharan Africa, the international organizations have reshaped their development agenda by emphasizing the importance of security and peace as preconditions for development. This approach has been explicitly mentioned among the aims of the United Nations by Secretary General Kofi-Annan in his roadmap for the implementation of the U.N. Millennium summit. In parallel, the concept of human security has been promoted by several Western governments, N.G.O.S and independent commissions in order to take into account the need to address not only state security needs but also human individuals' vulnerability in crisis situations. Aid policies have taken into account these evolutions, though the concept of human security itself has been discussed in a controversial way. The European union is progressively integrating it into its security agenda and has started 'securitizing' its development agenda and African policy, including instruments like the Cotonou convention with African, Caribbean and pacific states. The course explores the reasons for the merging of security and development policies in the European union and its member states and the emergence of a European human security agenda, within the wider context of the united nations, world bank and OECD. The focus will be European policies towards crisis areas in Africa and Asia potential case to be discussed are: regulations about antipersonnel landmines, small arms and light weapons, conflict timber and conflict diamonds; policies of conditionality and sanctions; assistance to transitional justice; peace building, security governance, security sector reform in fragile states.

20536 PIA PIA 2319 INTERNATIONAL TRADE

Session: AT W WWPH03800 3 Credits

International trade is important and controversial. All countries participate in international trade. Yet all countries restrict trade. In all countries there are people and groups who favor freer trade and there are others who oppose it. This course will introduce the student to the key issues and controversies in the study of international trade. We will examine economic explanations and analyses of why countries trade. What are the key determinants of trade - factor endowments, resources or skills? We will also analyze the benefits and costs from trade and how these are distributed within a country. Throughout we will adopt a policy perspective and will rigorously examine some elements of trade policy such as tariffs, quotas, subsidies, export taxes, and, the economics of free trade arrangements. We will look at the controversial issue of international trade and the balance of payments. Time permitting; we will analyze the effects of trade and international factor mobility on economic growth and development. We will broaden and deepen our knowledge of the specific subjects and improve our skills in applying the analytical tools that economists have developed to help understand these complex phenomena.

12825 PIA PIA 2363 INTERNATIONAL HISTORY

Session: AT Th WWPH03610 3 Credits

Policymakers, scholars, analysts, journalists, average citizens, and others frequently talk about the "lessons of history" and what they mean for understanding, interpreting, and reacting to contemporary events in the international arena. Yet, history as we know it is the synthesized, and often stylized, reporting of certain people and certain events that some investigators have deemed worthy of study. Accordingly, the lessons we seek to learn from history are consequently often hidden, obscured, or mangled beyond recognition. Despite its imperfections, the received historical record is the only guide we, and policymakers, have to understanding the present and thinking seriously about the future. Accordingly, history must be studied, considered, and used with care. This course prepares students to embark on each of these tasks in several ways. First, students will become acquainted with the key events, trends, and developments in international history since the beginning of the twentieth century. Second, students will think seriously about the contingency of historical events and consider not only the lessons of decisions made (along with their consequences), but also those of many of the unrealized histories of the twentieth century. Third, students will explore the connections between events and developments of the past and contemporary debates, problems, and issues. Finally, students will, by reporting on their work in multiple formats, develop their capacity to use and present history in an effective, policy-relevant manner.

25243 PIA PIA 2379 INTRODUCTION TO CYBER CRIMES

Session: AT T WWPH03415 3 Credits

Traditionally, crime has taken place in the physical world. Since the dawn of the internet, criminal activities on the web have been continually increasing. Crime is no longer restricted to a town, city, state or even country because internet crime transcends all different types of jurisdictions. In this course, students will learn the types of crimes that occur online, as well as receiving an overview of how these crimes are conducted. Since this course focuses on computing technologies, students will be given the basic necessities needed to understand the technologies they will be utilizing throughout this course, as well as future courses. Students will learn safe computing practices and how to gather the necessary data to help track down criminals on the web. Topics covered will include introduction to various technology topics, distributed denial of service attacks, ecommerce fraud, counterfeiting, 0-day exploits, discussion on various cyber criminals and nation state threats, etc. Lastly, students will learn about the different organizations, both public and private, and the various policies and laws that are intended to counter the increase in cybercrime.

28460 PIA PIA 2544 CENT EURASIA: POL ECN & GEOPOL

Session: AT W WWPH03610 3 Credits

The Political Economy of Central Eurasia provides an overview of the pressing security, geopolitical, and development issues in one of the most important regions in the world. This course will cover histories as well as key developments in the five Central Asian Republics (Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan), Afghanistan, Iran, and Western China (Xinjiang). It will also focus on global strategy in Central Eurasia analyzing foreign policy objectives of countries such as the US, China, and Russia. This class will prepare students to analyze and address key foreign policy challenges in this strategically vital region.

17494 PIA PIA 2551 GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT

Session: AT T WWPH03911 3 Credits

This course seeks to critically examine how development processes affect women, men and gender relations. By doing so it aims to contribute to an ongoing policy discussion on the meaning and operationalization of diverse, inclusive, and equitable development. The course begins with theoretical approaches to gender and development, development economics, feminist critiques, and their methodological implications for mainstreaming gender into development practice. In the second half, the course studies how gender relations are impacted by social change in the form of positive or negative development. In this policy applied section, the discussions focus on a set of policy issues including reproductive health, migration, climate change, ITCs, work, citizenship and leadership. The overarching goal in both sections is to encourage students to review and debate what we already know and what we still don't know about policies designed to close gender gaps globally. The course concludes with a discussion in the form of a mini-conference on the progress record of the United Nation's 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

12866 KGSB-BADM BECN 2019 ECONOMICS FOR INTERNATNL BUS

Session: AT TTh MERVS00B60 3 Credits

Investigates key aspects of the international economics environment. The first half introduces the international monetary system. Reviews the balance of payments, foreign exchange rate systems, adjustment mechanism, the foreign exchange market, and international money and capital markets. In the second half, topics include theories of international trade and investment restrictions on trade, commercial policies of the United States.