THE EU IN A NUTSHELL

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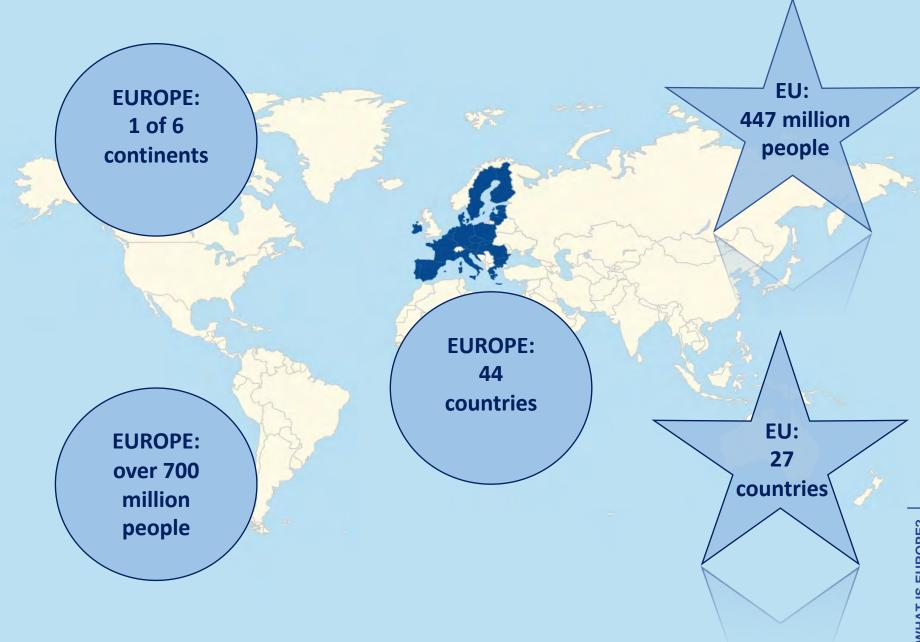
What do you know about Europe?

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WHAT IS EUROPE?



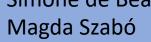
WHAT IS EUROPE?

EUROPEAN ARTISTS

Over the centuries, new styles of music, architecture and literature have inspired artists throughout Europe.

For example:

- Pablo Picasso 5. Stefan Zweig 1
- 2. Ludwig van 6. Wisława Beethoven
- - Szymborska
- 3. Alfons Mucha 7. Simone de Beauvoir
- 4. Hilma af Klint 8. Magda Szabó









Vinan hypothese @ PUBLIC DOMAIN





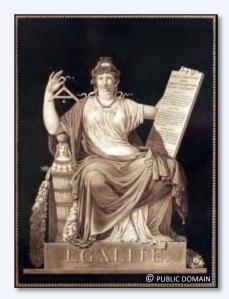




EUROPEAN VALUES



Human dignity Freedom Democracy Equality Rule of law Human rights





THE 24 EU OFFICIAL LANGUAGES



EU LANGUAGE FAMILIES

Slavic: Bulgarian, Czech, Croatian, Polish, Slovak and Slovene

Other: Estonian and Finnish, Greek, Irish, Lithuanian and Latvian, Hungarian, Maltese 24 EU OFFICIAL LANGUAGES

Germanic: Danish, German, English, Dutch and Swedish

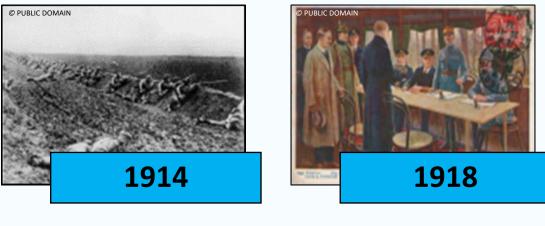
Romance: Spanish, French, Italian, Portuguese and Romanian

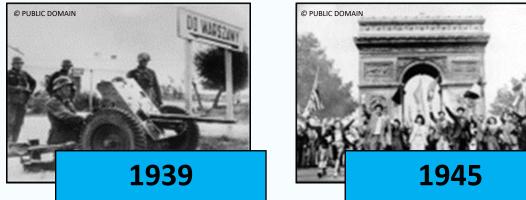




WHICH COUNTRIES CREATED THE EU AND WHY?

FROM WAR TO PEACE





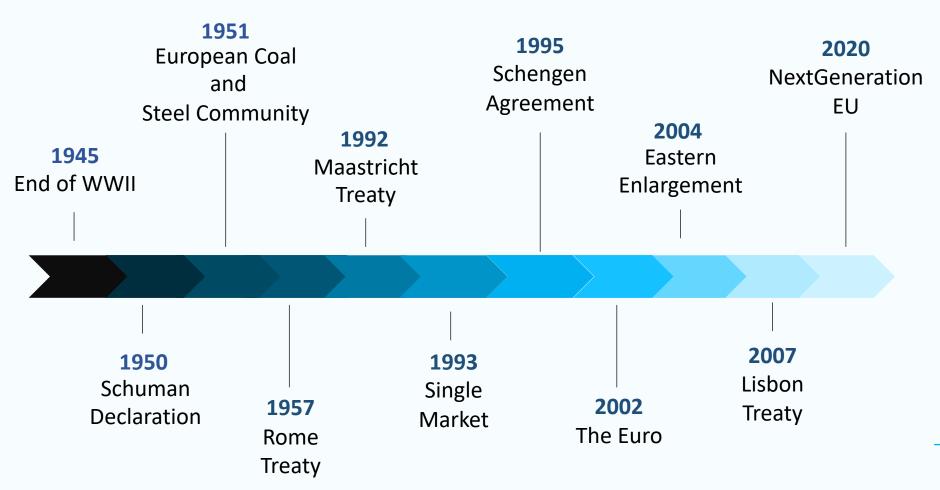
FROM WAR TO PEACE

Peace was one of the aims that led to the creation of the European Union

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The EU received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2012

THE CREATION OF THE EUROPEAN UNION



EU COUNTRIES

1951	Belgium, Germany, France, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands	
1973	Denmark, Ireland, United Kingdom (UK left the EU in 2020)	
1981	Greece	
1986	Spain, Portugal	
1995	Austria, Finland, Sweden	
2004	Czechia, Estonia, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Slovenia, Slovakia	
2007	Bulgaria, Romania	
2013	Croatia	



SCHENGEN AREA

Did you know? You can travel freely between the 26 countries of the Schengen area without showing your passport

Schengen area countries

Non-Schengen area EU countries

...

#









WHAT DO **YOU THINK THE EUROPEAN** UNION DOES FOR ITS CITIZENS?

STUDY, WORK AND VOLUNTEERING



Youth Guarantee Scheme



EURES





European Solidarity Corps













subscriptions









WHAT DOES THE EU DO?











Equality





#StandWithUkraine





WHAT DOES THE EU DO?

Which topics do you think should be prioritised by the European Institutions?

HOW DOES THE EU WORK ?



THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT



is the voice of European citizens

has Members from all EU countries directly elected by citizens every five years

discusses new laws proposed by the European Commission

modifies (if necessary) and decides these laws together with the Council

elects the President of the European Commission

approves the EU budget

holds at least six sessions per year in Brussels (Belgium) and 12 in Strasbourg (France)









brings together the heads of state or government of each EU country

does not adopt EU laws

sets the EU's main priorities and policy directions

meets at least four times a year in Brussels (Belgium) or Luxembourg (Luxembourg) for European Summits



THE COUNCIL OF THE EU



represents the governments of the EU countries

brings together ministers of EU countries who meet to discuss EU matters (agriculture, foreign affairs, justice, etc.)

takes decisions and passes laws together with the European Parliament

has a rotating Presidency – every six months another EU country takes the lead







THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION



represents the EU common interests

is made up of one President and a Commissioner from each EU country responsible for a specific topic

proposes new laws and programmes

is elected by the European Parliament for five years

manages the EU policies and budget

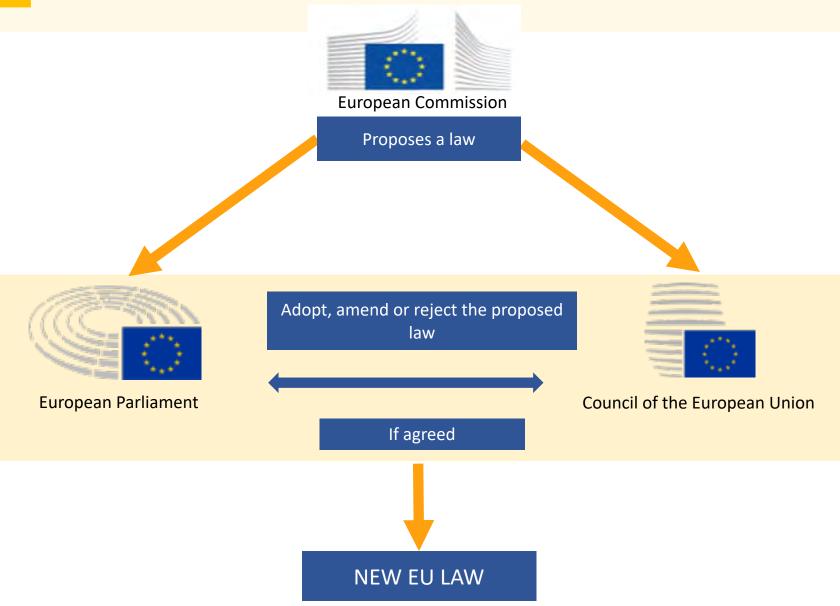
is the guardian of the EU Treaties

is located in Brussels and Luxembourg





EU LAWS: WHO DOES WHAT?



THE EUROPEAN COURT OF JUSTICE



keeps track of EU laws

makes sure that EU countries respect EU laws

advises national courts on the interpretation of these laws



fines countries if they do not respect EU laws

checks if the laws respect fundamental rights (e.g. freedom of speech, freedom of the press)

consists of one judge per EU country

is located in Luxembourg



THE EUROPEAN COURT OF AUDITORS



checks whether the EU's budget has been correctly spent

advises EU policymakers on how to best spend the budget

reports fraud, corruption or other illegal activity

has Members appointed by the Council for six-year terms



THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK



leads EU economic and monetary policy

manages the European currency – the 'euro'

is responsible for keeping the euro and prices stable

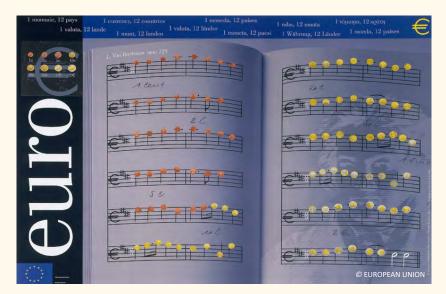
fixes interest rates for the euro area

works with the national central banks of EU countries

has six Members appointed by the Council for an eight-year term that cannot be renewed

is located in Frankfurt (Germany)





HOW CAN I LEARN MORE ABOUT THE EU?

Europa website

europa.eu



Learning Corner website europa.eu/learning-corner



Learning Corner newsletter ec.europa.eu/newsroom/comm/usersubscriptions/1595/create



What Europe does for me what-europe-does-for-me.eu



Publications Office publications.europa.eu



In person:

> Questions about the EU? Europe Direct can help.



europa.eu/european-union/contact_en

Freephone: 00 800 6 7 8 9 10 11

> Find an EU centre near you to meet, ask, discuss about the EU. europa.eu/europeanunion/contact/meet-us_en

Via social media:



Use the **search tool** to find the EU's social media accounts.

europa.eu/european-union/contact/socialnetworks_en

Thank you!





europa.eu/learning-corner

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Brussels-Lux Study Tour 2022 Post-Secondary Faculty Course Module Planning Template

Name: Irina Falls		
	Course Title/Module Title: Migration in EU Discipline: Early Childhood Teacher	
Course/Module Narrative:	Education This module will be part of a course titled "Young Children and Families in a Diverse World". The students learn about what culture is, their and others cultural identity, cultural competence, and establishing culturally inclusive classroom through environments and instructional practice. The module about the EU will broaden their perspective and will make them understand the increasingly globalization of current issues.	
Course Objectives:		
 education, oppression, and soci 2. Reflect on instructional pract 3. Self-reflect and discover you 4. Engage constructively in crossion 5. Begin to execute development 	gs and knowledge about cultural diversity, multicultural ial justice tices and make culturally responsive modifications r own ways to practice self-care	
Module Objectives/Learning	Objectives:	
 refugee, asylum seekers, Students will be able to one in the USA. 	leeply understand at least one of the current issues the EU e connections a particular EU current issue has the similar	
Teacher Education Standards	addressed by this module	
This module will address the for Standard #2: Learning Diffe	0	
 2(a) The teacher designs, adapts, and delivers instruction to address each student's diverse learning strengths and needs and creates opportunities for students to demonstrate their learning in different ways. 2(d) The teacher brings multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including 		
	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways.	
• 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. ses resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to	
 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p 2(f) The teacher access meet particular learnin 2(j) The teacher unders individual experiences, 	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. ses resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to	
 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p 2(f) The teacher access meet particular learnin 2(j) The teacher unders individual experiences, interactions, as well as 2(k) The teacher know and communities and h community resources in teacher in the sources in the sour	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. sees resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to g differences or needs. stands that learners bring assets for learning based on their abilities, talents, prior learning, and peer and social group language, culture, family, and community values. s how to access information about the values of diverse cultures now to incorporate learners' experiences, cultures, and nto instruction.	
 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p 2(f) The teacher access meet particular learnin 2(j) The teacher unders individual experiences, interactions, as well as 2(k) The teacher know and communities and h 	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. sees resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to g differences or needs. stands that learners bring assets for learning based on their abilities, talents, prior learning, and peer and social group language, culture, family, and community values. s how to access information about the values of diverse cultures now to incorporate learners' experiences, cultures, and nto instruction.	
 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p 2(f) The teacher access meet particular learnin 2(j) The teacher unders individual experiences, interactions, as well as 2(k) The teacher know and communities and h community resources in Standard #3: Learning Environment of the sector of t	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. ses resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to g differences or needs. stands that learners bring assets for learning based on their abilities, talents, prior learning, and peer and social group language, culture, family, and community values. s how to access information about the values of diverse cultures now to incorporate learners' experiences, cultures, and nto instruction. fromments nunicates verbally and nonverbally in ways that demonstrate nsiveness to the cultural backgrounds and differing perspectives earning environment.	
 2(d) The teacher bring attention to learners' p 2(f) The teacher access meet particular learnin 2(j) The teacher unders individual experiences, interactions, as well as 2(k) The teacher know and communities and h community resources i Standard #3: Learning Envi 3(f) The teacher community respect for and respond learners bring to the lease of the solution of the solut	ths and needs and creates opportunities for students to ning in different ways. s multiple perspectives to the discussion of content, including personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms. ses resources, supports, and specialized assistance and services to g differences or needs. stands that learners bring assets for learning based on their abilities, talents, prior learning, and peer and social group language, culture, family, and community values. s how to access information about the values of diverse cultures now to incorporate learners' experiences, cultures, and nto instruction. fromments nunicates verbally and nonverbally in ways that demonstrate nsiveness to the cultural backgrounds and differing perspectives earning environment. notes responsible learner use of interactive technologies to s for learning locally and globally.	

Brussels-Lux Study Tour 2022 Post-Secondary Faculty Course Module Planning Template

• 5(q) The teacher is constantly exploring how to use disciplinary knowledge as a lens to address local and global issues.

Standard #10: Leadership and Collaboration

- 10(c) The teacher engages collaboratively in the school-wide effort to build a shared vision and supportive culture, identify common goals, and monitor and evaluate progress toward those goals.
- 10(g) The teacher uses technological tools and a variety of communication strategies to build local and global learning communities that engage learners, families, and colleagues.
- 10(l) The teacher understands schools as organizations within a historical, cultural, political, and social context and knows how to work with others across the system to support learners.

Course Content

- Presentation of the EU: history, objectives, structure, functioning, accomplishments, main current programs and projects
- Migration and Immigration issues general and specific to various EU countries
- Importance of Migration and Immigration issues
- Compare and contrast the issue of immigration in EU and USA
- Identification of EU current efforts/projects in one of the following human rights topics:
 - Migration and Asylum.
 - Discrimination and Intolerance.
 - Poverty and Inequality.

Instruction & Delivery (lecture, discussion, group work, etc.)

- Introductory Quiz about what they know about Europe (in general)
- <u>Presentation of the EU</u> (PowerPoint with quizzes, discussions, and videos)
- <u>Presentation of 2-3 current issues</u> migration (within the EU), immigration, and cultural integration
- **Group work** on a topic of their choice (groups of 4-5). Each group can choose a topic from the ones presented above and research additional information to understand it better. Each group will present their project using multimedia technology following this format: define the issue, why it is important, present information in details (multimedia), identify possible solutions, identify how it impacts one or two of the main purposes of the EU (Peace, Bringing Europe together, Security, Economic and Social Solidarity, European Identity & Diversity in a Globalized World, and European Values). The presentation will end with a comparison of the issues, the effect, and possible solutions, both in EU and the US.
- **Discussion Board** "Details of Human Rights issues in the EU" The students will be instructed to research and identify one current issue in the EU community (e.g., Migration and Asylum, Discrimination and Intolerance, Poverty and Inequality). They will post an initial comment with references and then they will be asked to respond to 2 of their peers by choosing a specific sentence in their post and finding additional resources (articles, videos, etc.) about that issue in their comments.

Brussels-Lux Study Tour 2022 Post-Secondary Faculty Course Module Planning Template

Assessment			
• Formative assessment: Short quiz about the your understanding" assessments after deliver matching pairs of EU structures with their fur	ing/acquiring chunks of information (e.g.,		
• Summative assessment:			
1. Presentation of group projects			
2. Reflection on acquiring, processing, and applying the information in the module.			
Resources and Materials			
VIDEOS:			
 To understand migration crisis in Europe students will watch the following video and participate in a discussion afterward <u>How The Arab Spring Changed Europe Forever</u> 			
European Migration Refugee Crisis Explained Middle East Crisis International Relations Analysis			
• For students to understand who the refugees are, watch <u>Desperate Journey: Europe's</u> <u>Refugee Crisis</u>			
• For understanding the various reactions of European countries and who these refugees are students will watch the following video and participate in a discussion afterward <u>Inside A</u>			
<u>Riot At The Hungarian Border</u>			
European Migration readings:			
<u>Europe and the Refugee Crisis: A Challenge to Our Civilization</u>			
<u>Video: A European Crisis, or a humanity crisis?</u>			
<u>Refugee and Migrant Crisis in Europe Appeal</u>			

What do you know about Europe quiz:

- 1. We all know and love Prada. Where was the Prada fashion house founded?
 - a. Paris
 - b. <u>Milan</u>
 - c. London
 - d. NYC
- 2. Where can you find the best pizza in Italy?
 - a. Rome
 - b. Venice
 - c. <u>Naples</u>
 - d. Capri
- 3. Which is the most used currency in Europe?
 - a. The Pound
 - b. <u>The Euro</u>
 - c. The Franc
 - d. The Lira
- 4. What are the colors on the French flag?
 - a. green, white & gold
 - b. Red and white
 - c. blue with white stars
 - d. <u>Blue, white & red</u>
- 5. Which of these is a former name of New York City?
 - a. New Amsterdam
 - b. New Paris
 - c. New London
 - d. New Berlin
- 6. What is celebrated on the 14th July each year in France?
 - a. Independence Day
 - b. Bastille Day
 - c. Mardi Gras
 - d. All Saints' Day
- 7. Which of these cheeses is Italian?
 - a. Gouda
 - b. Brie
 - c. <u>Parmesan</u>
 - d. Feta
- 8. What is not part of England?
 - a. Manchester
 - b. London
 - c. <u>Dublin</u>
 - d. Canary Wharf
- 9. Which sea is located near Poland?
 - a. Black Sea
 - b. <u>Baltic Sea</u>

- c. Red Sea
- d. Arabic Sea
- 10. The capital of Finland is
 - a. Stockholm
 - b. Oslo
 - c. Copenhagen
 - d. <u>Helsinki</u>
- 11. Which of these is NOT an official language of Switzerland?
 - a. English
 - b. French
 - c. Italian
 - d. <u>Spanish</u>
- 12. If somebody said "bye" by saying " auf wiedersehen", what language would it probably be in?
 - a. French
 - b. Spanish
 - c. <u>German</u>
 - d. Danish

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